Lichen, it's a Lifestyle

Although lichens are diverse, lichens can be found in three major forms. Check the box next to each lichen form you find on your hike.

Crustose

Crustose lichens are thin like crust. The lichen's edges stay flat against the object it is growing on. Crustose lichens grow slowly and some are among the oldest living organisms on Earth!

Porpidia

Porpidia cf. albocaerulescens

Many lichens don't have a common name. What would you name this lichen?



Script Lichen
Graphis scripta



Sensitive Species

Lichens get their food from light, air and rain so they are easily damaged by pollutants in the air. Scientists study lichens to learn about air pollution. The healthier the air, the more species of lichen there will be. 1) On your hike, count how many different lichens you can find.

2) Based on your findings, would you consider the area to have good or bad air quality?

# of Lichens						
0	1-4	5-9	10-19	20-29	30-39	40+

Air Quality:

Foliose

Foliose lichens look like dry, wavy **foliage** (leaves). The edges curl off the surface the lichen is growing on.





Powdered Ruffle Lichen
Parmotrema hypotropum
Look for little black
'hairs' called cilia!



Fruticose

Fruticose lichens are the most three-dimensional lichens. Some look like mini fruit trees without leaves while others hang down from branches like hair.

Ramalina

Ramalina culbersoniorum

What would you name this lichen?



Pixie Cup Lichen Cladonia chlorophaea



Lichens come in many shapes, sizes and... colors!
What colors of lichens can you find?



Tiny Pioneers

Crustose lichens are nature's pioneers because they can grow in places that are too extreme for most other organisms. Severe heat, cold and drought are no match for lichens because lichens are able to go dormant, or "turn off," during harsh conditions. What kind of surfaces can you find lichens growing on that plants are not growing on?



Leading the Way

Without lichens, plants may not grow in some places.

Lichens are often the first to grow in a disturbed area. Over time, lichens are able to break down rock and produce thin layers of soil. More complex lichens, mosses and flowering plants are then able to take root. Find a community of lichens and describe the layers of lichens you see.

Lichens,
The Next Frontier

Most questions about basic lichen biology remain unknown. The real mystery begins when lichens are studied under a microscope. Will you be the next scientist to make a lichen discovery?



TOGETHER, ALICE ALGAE AND FREDDY FUNGI FORM AN ORGANISM CALLED LICHEN. HERE IS THEIR STORY ...

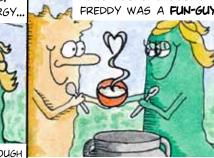
FREDDY THE FUNGUS WAS A GREAT BUILDER ...

ONE DAY, FREDDY FUNGI SMELLED SOMETHING DELICIOUS ...











..SHE WAS COOKING SUGAR THROUGH THE PROCESS OF PHOTOSYNTHESIS.

FREDDY TOOK A LIKIN' TO ALICE.

FREDDY FUNGUS WENT OUT ON A LIMB ...

BETTER TOGETHER, FREDDY AND ALICE ANNOUNCED THEIR SYMBIOTIC





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WHAT IS THAT? MOSS? UGLY WORMS ... AN ALIEN SPACESHIP?!? IT'S LICHEN! Together, some fungus and algae create an organism called lichen. In a symbiotic relationship, the algae and fungus both help each other survive. The Southern Appalachian Mountains have a high diversity of lichens and scientists are always finding new species!

