

a bird on your hike, remembering what certain parts of the bird looked like can help you identify it when you get home

used to help identify birds. If you can't identify

In addition to size, shape,

# TRACK your hike at kidsinparks.com and get FREE prizes!



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The next generation of stewards will help preserve the world's plants, animals, natural lands and our heritage. What will you do to make a difference?



## Kids in Parks... Providina a netw

Providing a network of fun-filled adventures that get kids and families active outdoors and connected to nature.

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National Recreation and Park Association



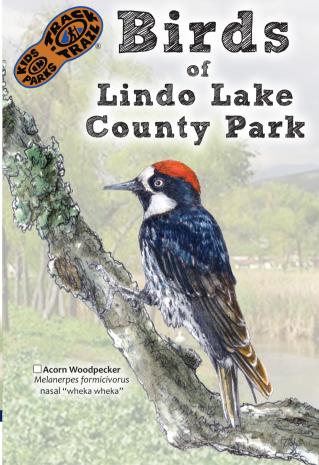
Kids in Parks Founding Partners











Depending on the season, over 100 species of birds can be found at Lindo Lake County Park.
Use this brochure to discover how you can identify birds with clues such as location, behavior, size, shape and field marks.

## What kind of bird is that...

When trying to identify a bird, the first things to look for are location and behavior. Is the bird up high making noise, or on the ground digging in leaves? Next, think about size and shape. Is it big like a crow, or small like a sparrow? Does it have pointy wings, or a long tail? Finally, you can use field marks to identify birds-flip to the side panel to discover how.

Check off each bird you find on your hike today!

#### in the trees and shrubs?

Almost all the birds of Lindo Lake use trees and shrubs for food, shelter, or nesting. Scrub jays and grackles flock in trees to find insects and fruits. Bluebirds nest in tree cavities and phoebes use tree branches as hunting perches to catch bugs in the air. Look into the trees and shrubs. How many different birds can you find? What parts of the tree are the birds using?

> Western Scrub Jay Aphelocoma californica harsh "shreeenk"

Great-tailed Grackle Quiscalus mexicanus rattles "kikikiki, chuk"

> Black Phoebe Sayornis nigricans whistles "sisee, sitsew"

### at the water's edge?

Some birds specialize in living at the water's edge. Red-winged blackbirds nest in the dense reeds around the lake and feed on the abundant insects near the water. Black-crowned night herons and great blue herons hunt from the banks or wade in the shallows to catch small fish, frogs, and other prey. Check along the edge of the lake.

How many different birds can you find?

Red-winged Blackbird

Agelaius phoeniceus

trills "kon-ka-reee"

Can you tell what they are eating?

Great Blue Heron Ardea herodias

hoarse "fraawnk"

in the air?

Birds that spend a lot of time in the air use their strong eyesight to find food. Hawks, crows and vultures can usually be found perched or circling up high as they search for their next meal. Scan the sky over the lake and above the trees. Are there any large birds flying overhead? Are they flapping or gliding?

Turkey Vulture Cathartes aura warning "hsssss"

Red-tailed Hawk Buteo jamaicensis raspy scream "keeee-arr'

American Crow Corvus brachvrhvnchos "caww caww"

#### in the water?

Birds that swim in the water usually eat small fish, aquatic insects, clams, or underwater plants. The American coot is a "diver" and it can swim to the bottom of the lake to find food. Canada geese and wood ducks are "dabblers". They put their bottoms up in the air and dunk their heads under water to find food. Do you see any birds on the lake? Are they diving or dabbling?

Canada Goose Branta canadensis honks "h-ronk"

Western Bluebird

Sialia mexicana

whistles "jewf, pew pew"

American Coot Fulica americana clucks "krrrp" or "pri-KI ☐ Wood Duck Aix sponsa squeaks "ooEEK ooEEK"

☐ Black-crowned Night Heron Nycticorax nycticorax barks "quok" llustrations by David Williams,

Wingin' It Works